

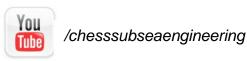


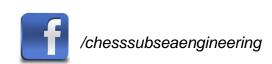


Subsea Distribution Unit (SDU)

Presented by

Oseghale Lucas Okohue BEngr. Msc. CIPMP





Course Instructor

Name: Oseghale Lucas Okohue

Position: Subsea Engineer - Production Systems | Drilling Systems Specialist

Website: www.chesssubseaengineering.com

Email: oseghaleokohue@chesssubseaengineering.com

oseghaleokohue@gmail.com

Phone: 08139340494



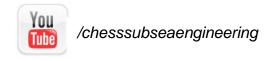
Outline

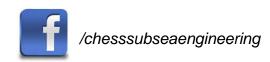
Lecture 1: Subsea Distribution System Architecture

Lecture 2: Design Parameters

Lecture 3: SDS Components Design & Requirements

- Topside Umbilical Termination Assembly (TUTA)
- Subsea Umbilical Termination Assembly (SUTA)
- Umbilical Termination Head (UTH)
- Subsea Distribution Assembly (SDA)
- Hydraulic Distribution Manifold / Module (HDM)
- Electrical Distribution Manifold / Module (HDM)
- Multiple Quick Connect (MQC)



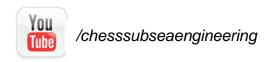


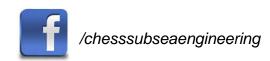
Outline

Lecture 3: SDS Components Design & Requirements – cont.

- Hydraulic Flying Leads and Couplers
- Electrical Flying Leads and Connectors
- Subsea Accumulator Module (SAM)

Conclusion



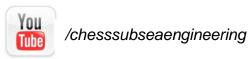


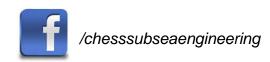


Lecture 1: Subsea Distribution System Architecture

Presented by

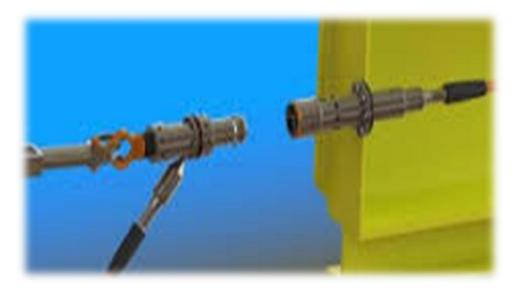
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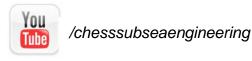


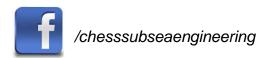


Introduction

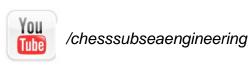
□ A subsea distribution system (SDS) consists of a group of products such as umbilical and other in-line structures that provide communication from subsea controls to topside.

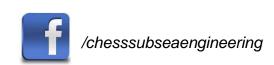






- ☐ The SDS normally includes, but is not limited to, the following major components:
 - ✓ Topside umbilical termination assembly;
 - ✓ Subsea accumulator module;
 - ✓ Subsea umbilical termination assembly, which includes:
 - Umbilical termination head (UTH);
 - Hydraulic distribution module;
 - Electrical distribution module;
 - Flying leads.
 - ✓ Subsea distribution assembly;
 - ✓ Hydraulic flying leads;
 - ✓ Electrical flying leads;

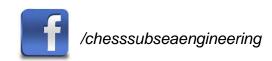




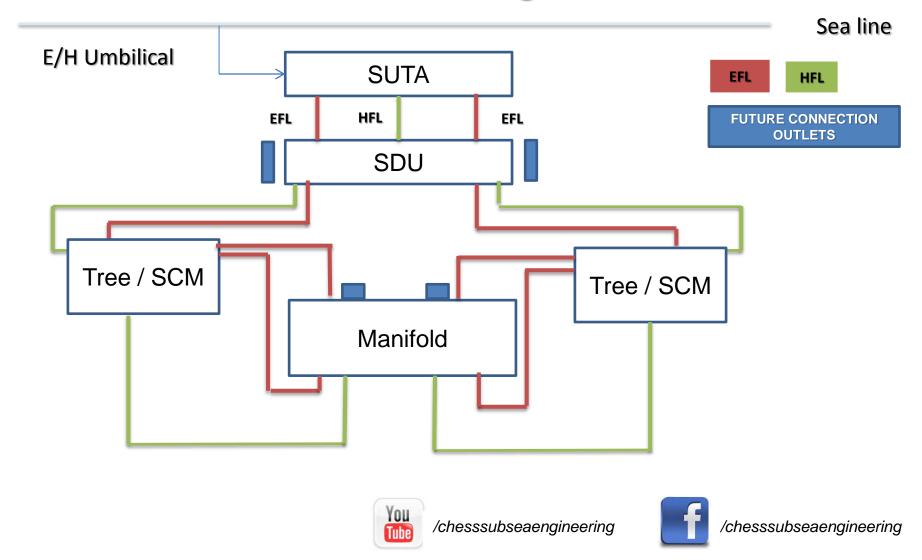


- ☐ The SDS normally includes, but is not limited to, the following major components:
 - ✓ Multiple quick connects;
 - ✓ Hydraulic coupler;
 - ✓ Electrical connector;
 - ✓ Logic caps

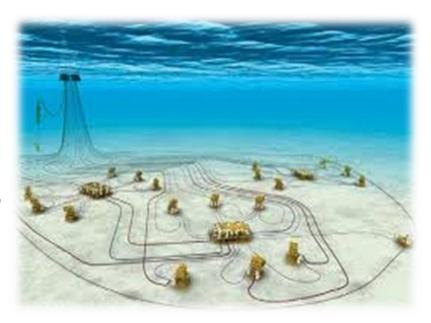


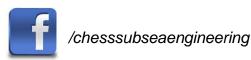


SDU Block Diagram

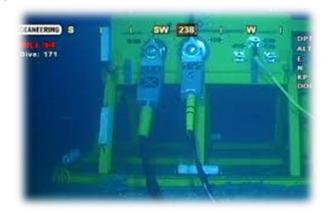


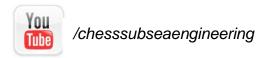
- ☐ The subsea umbilical termination assembly mainly consists of :
 - ✓ inboard multiple quick connect (MQC) plates,
 - ✓ mounting steel structures,
 - ✓ a lifting device,
 - ✓ mudmat,
 - ✓ logic cap,
 - ✓ long-term cover,
 - ✓ field assembled cable termination,
 - ✓ electrical connectors

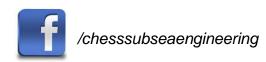




- ☐ The subsea distribution assembly mainly consists of :
 - √ hydraulic distribution module (HDM)
 - ✓ electrical distribution module (EDM)
- ☐ The HDM consists of:
 - ✓ inboard multiple quick connect (MQC) plates,
 - ✓ mounting steel structures,
 - ✓ a lifting device,
 - ✓ mudmat,
 - √ logic cap,
 - ✓ long-term cover,

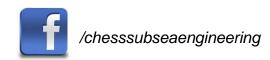






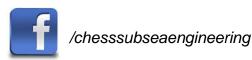
- ☐ The EDM consists of:
 - ✓ Bulkhead Electrical Connectors,
 - ✓ Cables,
 - ✓ Electrical Transformer Module,





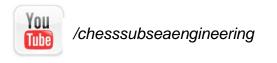
- ☐ Hydraulic flying leads (HFLs) mainly consist of:
 - ✓ two outboard MQC plates with holding structures
 - ✓ steel tubes.
- ☐ Electrical flying leads (EFLs) is mainly consist of:
 - ✓ two electrical connectors and
 - ✓ a number of cables.

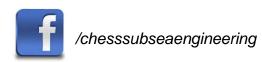




- ☐ This course describes the main components of the SDS currently used in subsea oil/gas production, and defines its design and the functional requirements of the system.
- ☐ The type of system to be discussed in this course is designed to perform the following functions:
 - ✓ Hydraulic power distribution;
 - ✓ Chemical injection distribution;
 - ✓ Electrical power distribution;
 - ✓ Communication distribution







Email: info@chesssubseaengineering.com

